The Future Homes and Buildings Standards – 2023 Consultation

Response by Association of Directors of Environment, Economy, Planning & Transport (ADEPT)

Introduction

ADEPT welcomes the consultation on Future Homes and Buildings Standards and the government's commitment to improving the energy efficiency and reducing the carbon emissions of new homes and non-domestic buildings. ADEPT is the voice of place directors whose services are responsible for delivering sustainable development at a local level. All of its members represent local authorities who are committed to the achievement of net zero and the Future Homes and Building Standards will be a vital tool in the drive to achieve this.

Response to Consultation

The response comprises a summary of main points on the principle and approach towards the standards, together with specific replies to some of the consultation questions where ADEPT feels it can add value to the consultation.

Summary of main points

- ADEPT is supportive in principle of the Future Homes and Buildings Standards but considers that standards need to be delivered at an accelerated pace if the carbon savings are to be achieved. This should include new builds, conversions/changes of use, and also retro-fitting of solutions for the existing stock.
- Greater support is also needed for existing occupiers to achieve the necessary improvements
- ADEPT is concerned that the standards being consulted on are not sufficiently ambitious to meet the critical climate imperative, are overly reliant on decarbonising the grid rather than reducing at source, and do not go far enough in considering embodied carbon
- The consultation document (para. 4.2.3) notes that the 2025 FHS will keep standards largely the same as 2021 (Part L). This therefore misses a crucial opportunity to make the step change needed to deliver building stock that meets the challenges we face. level.
- It is welcome that new standards will apply to material changes of use and conversions, in the form of whole dwelling performance standards.
- It is noted that the 'notional dwelling' for these types of work would differ to that of a new build dwelling, resulting in different target rates. Costs and issues associated with this type of development are different to that of new builds, and the 'retrofit' of some buildings to meet higher standards may be more challenging in these cases than for a new build (such as listed buildings). ADEPT would, however, like to see some further details and research to justify the use of a different notional dwelling for this type of work. In principle, the aim should be to attain the highest achievable standards.

- Regarding performance standards of new dwellings, there are two options proposed for the notional dwelling. Option 1 includes additional requirements for decentralised mechanical ventilation, wastewater heat recovery and photovoltaic panels. Dwellings comprising these features would result in lower running costs for the occupant and would generally represent better energy performance, moving closer to a net-zero outcome than Option 2, which does not include these requirements. Whilst Option 1 would result in higher upfront costs, ADEPT considers it is important, given the urgent need to address climate change, that new dwellings are built as close to net-zero as possible, and therefore **Option 1 is favourable to Option 2** (although note comments made about the need to be as ambitious as possible). It is felt that once higher standards come into effect additional costs should come down relatively over time with increased production/competition in the technology market, and homes built to this standard would be inherently more marketable for developers.
- ADEPT notes that the consultation has not set out other more ambitious options identified in the 'Ready for Zero' Task Group report (28 February 2023). This provided evidence to inform the FHS and includes five 'Contender Specifications', including CS4 (which seeks to minimise space and water heating, drawing on UK and European best practice) and CS5 which is to improve fabric efficiency to maintain comfortable temperature without a heating system. Whilst it is acknowledged costs would be higher, there may be circumstances where these can be delivered, if funding, delivery and longer-term costs/benefits are taken into account, given that demands upon the grid and energy costs would be greatly reduced.
- The proposed Primary Energy, Carbon Emissions and Fabric Energy Efficiency metrics for measuring energy efficiency of new homes remain based on a 'SAP' methodology through the 'notional dwelling' approach, which does not take into account unregulated 'operational' use of a dwelling. Other methods of measuring energy performance, such as through using Energy Use Intensity metrics which would take into account unregulated energy at building level, have been promoted in the netzero development sector, and adopted within local plan policies of several local authorities (e.g. Cornwall, BANES). With the growing uptake of these alternative approaches, ADEPT would like to further understand the reasoning behind these not being brought forward as part of the Future Homes and Building Standards consultation, and whether/how the government has considered the benefits of adopting a system which can better predict the operational use of a dwelling.
- ADEPT is also aware of the Written Ministerial Statement¹ of December 13, 2023, which seeks to restrict the ability for local authorities to set energy performance standards above national standards, outside of using the SAP methodology. Whilst there are benefits in a consistent system/standard across the country, the approach of the WMS is potentially limiting for specific developments that have the potential to achieve true net-zero carbon emissions, or carbon negative emissions, as the SAP

¹ Planning – Local Energy Efficiency Standards Update: Statement made on 13 December 2023 (Statement UIN HCWS123)

methodology does not allow for unregulated operational energy used in a building. This might undermine the national and local declarations of a climate emergency and the strategies in place to achieve carbon neutrality. ADEPT would therefore support some degree of local discretion to seek the highest achievable standards (such as Passivhaus plus or premium) in appropriate situations. This might occur on larger sites where the site conditions, ownership, and viability are right to support the best possible performance. ADEPT would advocate further consultation on options for such an approach.

- Transitional arrangements should be ambitious to capture as much carbon savings as possible, but ADEPT acknowledges that there needs to be sufficient time for the construction industry, suppliers and regulators to prepare this will need careful consideration and appropriate support to facilitate the fastest possible transition.
- ADEPT would ask that the government revises the approach to more ambitious standards which reduce demands on the grid, minimise fuel bills, secure embodied carbon and sustainable procurement, and help upskill the buildgin and construction sector.

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
1 Perf	ormance requirements for new buildings	
17	 Which option for the dwelling notional buildings (for dwellings not connected to heat networks) set out in The Future Homes Standard 2025: dwelling notional buildings for consultation do you prefer? a. Option 1 (higher carbon and bill savings, higher capital cost) b. Option 2 (lower carbon savings, increase in bill costs, lower capital cost) 	Option 1 is preferred. Option 1 includes additional requirements for decentralised mechanical ventilation, wastewater hea recovery and photovoltaic panels. Dwellings comprising these features would result in lower running costs for the occupant and would generally represent better energy performance, moving closer to a net-zero outcome than Option 2, which does not include these requirements. Whilst Option 1 would result in higher upfront costs, ADEPT considers it is important, given the urgent need to address climate change, that new dwellings are built as close to net-zero as possible. It is felt that once higher standards come into effect additional costs should come down relatively over time with increased production/competition in the technology market, and homes built to
		down relatively over time with increase production/competition in the technology market, and homes built to this standard would be inherently more marketable for developers. ADEPT questions why the consultation has not set out other more ambitious options which were considered in the 'Ready for Zero' Task Group report (28 February 2023). This provided evidence to inform the FHS and includes five 'Contender Specifications' (CS's), including CS4 (which seeks to minimise space and water heating, drawing on U and European best practice) and CS5 which is to improve fabric efficiency to maintain comfortable temperature without a heating system. Whilst it is acknowledged costs would be higher, there may be circumstances where the
		there may be circumstances where these can be delivered, if funding, delivery and longer-term costs/benefits are taken int account, given that demands upon the grid and energy costs would be greatly reduced. It is noted that the government intends to carry out future consultation on

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
		embodied carbon in due course. However, ADEPT considers that it is important for the construction sector to be prioritising reduction and a fabric first approach, including consideration of embodied carbon. The FHS could assist in gearing the sector up for sustainable procurement and manufacturing, and reduce the risk of unintended consequences (whereby energy savings could be undermined by less attention being paid to reduction as a first principle.
08	What are your priorities for the new specification? (select all that apply) low capital cost lower bills	Carbon savings and lower energy bills should be the priorities. Higher performance, including fabric efficiencies as part of the mix, will deliver
	 carbon savings other (please provide further information) Please provide any additional comments to support your view on the notional building for dwellings not connected to heat networks. 	carbon savings, reduce bills and create greater grid resilience, in turn protecting consumers from energy price fluctuations.
09	 Which option for the dwelling notional buildings for dwellings connected to heat networks set out in The Future Homes Standard 2025: dwelling notional buildings for consultation do you prefer? a. Option 1 (higher carbon and bill savings, higher capital cost) b. Option 2 (lower carbon savings, increase in bill costs, lower capital cost) Please provide any additional comments on the specification of the heat network in the notional building. 	Option 1 is preferable due to lower energy use, lower energy bills, reduced grid demand and inclusion of PVs, which protects consumers from energy price fluctuations.
10	Which option do you prefer for the proposed non-domestic notional buildings set out in the NCM modelling guide? a. Option 1 b. Option 2	Option 1 is preferable in line with the priorities stated above.
11	 What are your priorities for the new specification? Iow capital cost Iower bills carbon savings other (please provide further information) Please provide additional information to support your view on the proposed non- 	Carbon savings and lower energy bills should be the priorities.

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	domestic notional buildings set out in the National Calculation Methodology modelling guide	
5 Met	rics	
12	Do you agree that the metrics suggested above (TER, TPER and FEE) be used to set performance requirements for the Future Homes and Buildings Standards? a. Yes b. Yes, and I want to provide views on the suitability of these metrics and/or their alternatives c. No, I think delivered energy should be used d. No, I think FEE should be changed e. No, for another reason (please provide justification)	 e) No for another reason: Energy use intensity (EUI) should be used as it captures total energy use, including unregulated energy, which the proposed FHS approach does not. EUI standards would better address the aim of net zero and can be predicted at design stage, measured when in use, and facilitates similar building types to be compared. It is also more straightforward for the construction industry and consumers to understand. Inclusion of a fabric energy metric should also be considered. Alternatively using delivered energy would allow for consistency of metrics and would allow residents and building users to measure performance focusing on the build-quality/fabric performance only rather than incorporating external factors.
6. Upc	lates guidance and minimum standards	
13	Do you agree with the proposed changes to minimum building services efficiencies and controls set out in Section 6 of draft Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings? a. Yes b. Yes, and I want to provide additional suggestions or information to support my view c. No (please provide justification)	ADEPT is aware of concerns that decentralised mechanical ventilation could be detrimental to air quality as incoming fresh air will be through trickle vents and the gaps in the non-airtight fabric which does not get filtered. Also, there is no specification for heat recovery within the extract method which means extracted airs heat will be lost. This should be considered before final FHS is issued.
14	Do you agree with the proposal to include additional guidance around heat pump controls for homes, as set out in Section 6 of draft Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings? a. Yes b. Yes, and I want to provide additional suggestions or information to support my view c. No (please provide justification)	a. Yes
15	Do you agree that operating and	a. Yes
10	maintenance information should be fixed to	u. 105

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	heat pump units in new homes?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
16	Do you think that the operating and	
	maintenance information set out in Section	
	10 of draft Approved Document L, Volume 1:	
	Dwellings is sufficient to ensure that heat	
	pumps are operated and maintained	
	correctly? a. Yes	
	 b. Yes, and I want to provide additional suggestions or information to support my 	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
	e. No (please provide justification)	
17	Do you agree with the proposed changes to	It is considered that further explanation /
	Section 4 of draft Approved Document L,	consultation may be needed on this
	Volume 1: Dwellings, designed to limit heat	aspect.
	loss from low carbon heating systems?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
	We also propose updating guidance on the	
	sizing of domestic hot water storage vessels.	
	This is set out in Section 5 of draft Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings.	
18	Do you agree with the proposed sizing	It is considered that further explanation /
10	methodology for hot water storage vessels	consultation may be needed on this
	for new homes?	aspect.
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
19	Do you agree with the proposed changes to	
	minimum building services efficiencies and	
	controls set out in Section 6 of draft	
	Approved Document L, Volume 2: Buildings	
	other than dwellings?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
20	Do you agree with the proposed guidance on	
20	bo you agree with the proposed guidance on	<u> </u>

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	the insulation standard for building heat	
	distribution systems in Approved Document	
	L, Volume 2: Buildings other than dwellings?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
21	Do you agree that the current guidance for	
	buildings with low energy demand which are	
	not exempt from the Building Regulations, as	
	described in Approved Document L, Volume	
	2: Buildings other than dwellings should be	
	retained without amendment?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view.	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
22	Do you agree that lifts, escalators and	
	moving walkways in new buildings (but not	
	when installed within a dwelling) should be	
	included in the definition of fixed building	
	services?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
23	Do you agree with the proposed guidance	a.
	for passenger lifts, escalators and moving	
	walkways in draft Approved Document L,	
	Volume 2: Buildings other than dwellings?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I want to provide additional	
	suggestions or information to support my	
	view	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
24	Do you have any further comments on any	
27	other changes to the proposed guidance in	
	draft Approved Document L, Volume 2:	
	Buildings other than dwellings?	
	a. Yes (please provide comments)	
	b. No	
7 11/1		
	terial Change of Use	
25	Should we set whole-building standards for	a. Yes.
	dwellings created through a material change	This will be an important way of
	of use?	repurposing existing buildings to modern
	a. Yes	efficiency standards and ensuring future
	b. No, an elemental standard should be set	residents/occupants benefit from

No.	Question with an option to use a notional building if the designer prefers c. No, for another reason (please provide	ADEPT Response reduced bills.
26	justification) Should the proposed new MCU standard apply to the same types of conversion as are already listed in Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings? a. Yes b. No, standards should also apply to non- dwelling accommodation e.g., student or patient accommodation, care homes, and hotels c. No, the standard should be clearer that it applies to houses of multiple occupation (please recommend specific building types you think the standard should apply to and provide justification) d. No, for another reason (please provide justification)	Agree with response b. No. The standards should also apply to non- dwelling accommodation (student or patient accommodation, care homes, and hotel and houses in multiple occupation. In the case of listed buildings other approaches may need to be considered as such buildings make up less than 5% of stock nationally, and internal features may be of architectural/historic importance.
27	Should different categories of MCU buildings be subject to different requirements? a. Yes b. No (please provide justification)	a. Yes as there may be different factors to take into account, such as in listed buildings or conservation areas where features of architectural/historic interest need to be retained.
28	 Which factors should be taken into account when defining building categories? (check all those that apply) height of the building, i.e., low versus mid- to high-rise buildings floor area of the building the expertise of those carrying out the work whether the conversion is a part- or whole-building conversion Other (please state) Please provide additional information to support your view. 	
29	Do you agree with the illustrative energy efficiency requirements and proposed notional building specifications for MCU buildings? a. Yes b. No	
30	 If you answered no to the previous question, please provide additional information to support your view. Select all that apply. The requirements are: too stretching not stretching enough	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	 not economically viable not practical/technically feasible other (please provide further details 	
31	Do you agree with using the metrics of primary energy rate, emission rate and fabric energy efficiency rate, if we move to whole dwelling standards for MCU buildings? a. Yes b. Yes, and I want to provide additional suggestions or information to support my view c. No (please provide justification)	c. No – delivered energy metric would be preferable as it can be measured post- occupancy.
32	Under what circumstances should building control bodies be allowed to relax an MCU standard? a. None, building control bodies should not be able to relax MCU standards b. Building control bodies should be able to relax under the following circumstances (please provide further details)	 a. None. It will be important for clarity around the role of Building Control and the construction industry/developers to maintain faith and certainty in the standards, eliminate any watering down of quality and avoiding potential loopholes.
33	Do you have views on how we can ensure any relaxation is applied appropriately and consistently? Please select all that apply: there should be guidance on circumstances where relaxation of the notional standard may be appropriate there should be monitoring of how relaxation is applied only formal relaxation or dispensation through the local authority should be possible other (please provide further details)	
34	 Should a limiting standard be retained for MCU dwellings? a. Yes (please provide further details) b. No, it is too strict c. No, it is not strict enough d. No, there is not enough information e. No, for another reason (please provide further details) 	c. No. MCU should seek to achieve the same standard as new build other than for carefully evidenced exceptions such as listed buildings
35	If a limiting standard is retained, what should the limiting standard safeguard against? Please select all that apply: □ risk of moisture, damp and mould	Other: conversion of listed buildings may require a bespoke approach.

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	□ high energy demand and energy bills	
	(please provide recommended values	
	referring to ADL volume 1 Table 4.3)	
	□ other (please provide further details)	
36	Do you wish to provide any evidence on the	
	impacts of these proposals including on	
	viability?	
	a. Yes (please provide evidence)	
	b. No	
37	Do you agree that a BREL report should be	c. Yes, in addition to photographic
	provided to building control bodies if we	evidence and reporting on EUI and space
	move to energy modelling to demonstrate	heat demand should be included
	compliance with MCU standards?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and photographic evidence is needed	
	c. Yes, and I'd like to provide further information	
	d. No (please provide justification)	
38	Do you agree that consumers buying homes	b. Yes – this is useful for new technology
	created through a material change of use	– although an MCU home should be of
	should be provided with a Home User Guide	the same quality and standard of a new
	when they move in?	build (other than listed buildings)
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
	e. No (picuse provide justification)	
39	Do you agree that homes that have	b. Yes.
	undergone an MCU should be airtightness	
	tested?	
	a. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further information	
3. Rea	c. No (please provide justification) I-world performance of homes	
40	Do you think that we should introduce	B. Yes and I'd like to provide further
	voluntary post occupancy performance	information
	testing for new homes?	
	A. Yes	Post-occupancy reporting and
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	monitoring is needed to ensure
	information	difference between actual versus design
	c. No (please provide justification)	prediction is minimised – this should be
		mandatory.
41	Do you think that the government should	
	introduce a government-endorsed Future	
	Homes Standard brand? And do you agree	

No.	Questionpermission to use a government-endorsedFuture Homes Standard brand should onlybe granted if a developer's homes performwell when performance tested? Pleaseinclude any potential risks you foresee inyour answer.A. Yesb. Yes, and I want to provide additionalsuggestions or informationc. Yes, but I think there are risks associatedwith introducing a government-endorsedbrandd. No (please provide instification)	ADEPT Response
42	 d. No (please provide justification) Do you agree with the proposed changes to Approved Document F, Volume 1: Dwellings to improve the installation and commissioning of ventilation systems in new and existing homes? A. Yes b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further information c. No (please provide justification) 	
43	Do you agree with the proposal to extend Regulation 42 to the installation of mechanical ventilation in existing homes as well as new homes? A. Yes b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further information c. No (please provide justification)	This needs careful consideration as the existing stock will make up the substantive proportion of homes and retro-fitting has to be a key part of any strategy to address energy performance. However, appropriate support and incentives will be essential as this will be a highly cost-effective means of meeting targets, but needs consumer buy-in.
44	Do you think the guidance on commissioning hot water storage vessels in Section 8 of draft Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings is sufficient to ensure they are commissioned correctly? A. Yes b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further information c. No (please provide justification)	
45	Are you aware of any gaps in our guidance around commissioning heat pumps, or any third-party guidance we could usefully reference? A. Yes (please provide further details) b. No	
46	Do you think the guidance for commissioning on-site electrical storage systems in Section	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	8 of draft Approved Document L, Volume 1:	
	Dwellings is sufficient to ensure they are	
	commissioned correctly?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
17	Do you agree with proposed changes to	
	Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings	
	and Approved Document F, Volume 1:	
	Dwellings to (a) clarify the options for	
	certifying fixed building services installations	
	and (b) set out available enforcement	
	options where work does not meet the	
	required standard?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
18	Do you think the additional information we	
	intend to add to the Home User Guide	
	template, outlined above, is sufficient to	
	ensure home occupants can use their heat	
	pumps efficiently?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
19	If you are a domestic developer, do you use,	
	or are you planning to use, the Home User	
	Guide template when building homes to the	
	2021 uplift? Please give reasons in your	
	response.	
	A. Yes (please provide further details)	
	b. No (please provide further details)	
50	Do you have a view on how Home User	A. Yes.
	Guides could be made more useful and	
	accessible for homeowners and occupants,	Home User Guides will be increasingly
	including on the merits of requiring	important both from an energy
	developers to make guides available	performance optimisation perspective
	digitally? Please provide evidence where	but also in reducing energy bills for
	possible.	consumers.
	A. Yes, (please provide further details)	
	b. No	
51	Do you think that there are issues with	
	compliance with Regulations 39, 40, 40A and	
	40B of the Building Regulations 2010? Please	
	provide evidence with your answer.	
	A. Yes (please provide justification)	
	b. No (please provide justification)	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
52	Do you think that local authorities should be	
	required to ensure that information required	
	under Regulations 39, 40, 40A and 40B of	
	the Building Regulations 2010 has been	
	given to the homeowner before issuing a	
	completion certificate?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
0 402	t networks	
53	Do you agree that new homes and new non-	B. Yes.
55	domestic buildings should be permitted to	D. 103.
	connect to heat networks, if those networks	It will important for a clear and
	can demonstrate they have sufficient low-	evidenced approach to validating such
	carbon generation to supply the buildings'	networks, as well as dealing with future
	heat and hot water demand at the target	changes in the supplier.
	CO2 levels for the Future Homes or Buildings	changes in the supplier.
	Standard?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
54	Do you agree that newly constructed district	ADEPT is aware of concerns that the
54	heating networks (i.e., those built after the	sleeving methodology is considered not
	Future Homes and Buildings Standard comes	to be sufficiently robust. It therefore
	into force) should also be able to connect to	should be evidenced and validated that
	new buildings using the sleeving	the source of energy is from a low
	methodology?	carbon source.
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
55	Do you agree with the proposed guidance on	ADEPT is aware of concerns that the
	sleeving outlined for Heat Networks included	sleeving methodology is considered not
	in Approved Document L, Volume 1:	to be sufficiently robust. It therefore
	Dwellings and Approved Document L,	should be evidenced and validated that
	Volume 2: Buildings other than dwellings?	the source of energy is from a low
	A. Yes	carbon source.
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
56	Do you agree that heat networks' available	a. Yes.
	capacity that does not meet a low carbon	
	standard should not be able to supply heat	If the future homes and building
	to new buildings?	standard is presenting itself as low
	A. Yes	carbon and fossil fuel free than heat
	b. No (please provide further details	networks should not have the capacity to
	regarding how this unused higher carbon	be high carbon and use fossil fuels.

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	capacity should be accounted for)	
57	What are your views on how to ensure low-	
	carbon heat is used in practice?	
58	Are there alternative arrangements for heat	
	networks under the Future Homes and	
	Building Standards that you believe would	
	better support the expansion and	
	decarbonisation of heat networks?	
10. Sma	art meters	
59	Do you agree that the draft guidance	a. Yes
	provides effective advice to support a	
	successful smart meter installation in a new	
	home, appropriate to an audience of	
	developers and site managers?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No	
	If not, please provide suggestions for how	
	the draft guidance could be improved.	
	Please provide evidence and sources for	
	your statements where appropriate.	
60	Do you agree that voluntary guidance	b. No. Government should make smart
	referenced in draft Approved Document L,	meters mandatory so that users may
	Volume 1: Dwellings is the best approach to	understand and effectively manage their
	encouraging smart meters to be fitted in all	energy use
	new domestic properties?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No - If not, is there anything else you think	
	the government should be doing to ensure	
	that smart meters are fitted in all new build	
	properties?	
11. Acc	ounting for exceptional circumstances	
61	Do you agree that it should be possible for	B. No
	Regulation 26 (CO2 emission rates) to be	ADEPT considers that is is important for
	relaxed or dispensed with if, following an	the proposed Future Homes Standard to
	application, the local authority or Building	establish minimum standards nationally.
	application, the local authority or Building Safety Regulator concludes those standards	establish minimum standards nationally. There is a risk that relaxation could
		-
	Safety Regulator concludes those standards	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to
	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes	There is a risk that relaxation could
	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances?	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to
	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could
	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income
62	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification)	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could
62	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification) [If yes to previous question], please share	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income
62	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification) [If yes to previous question], please share any examples of circumstances where you	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income
62	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification) [If yes to previous question], please share any examples of circumstances where you think it may be reasonable for a local	encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income
62	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification) [If yes to previous question], please share any examples of circumstances where you think it may be reasonable for a local authority to grant a relaxation or	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income
	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification) [If yes to previous question], please share any examples of circumstances where you think it may be reasonable for a local authority to grant a relaxation or dispensation	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income households/areas.
62	Safety Regulator concludes those standards are unreasonable in the circumstances? A. Yes b. No (please provide justification) [If yes to previous question], please share any examples of circumstances where you think it may be reasonable for a local authority to grant a relaxation or	There is a risk that relaxation could encourage 'gaming' of the standards to try to demonstrate that the standards are unreasonable. It would also need to be understood if such relaxations could disproportionately affect lower income

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	reasoning if requested?	support to facilitate this.
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
64	Are there any additional safeguards you	
	think should be put in place to ensure	
	consistent and proportionate use of this	
	power?	
12. Leg	sislative changes to the energy efficiency require	ements
65	Do you agree that Part L1 of Schedule 1	a. Yes
	should be amended, as above, to require	
	that reasonable provision be made for the	
	conservation of energy and reducing carbon	
	emissions?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
66	Do you agree that regulations 25A and 25B	ADEPT would be concerned if removal of
	will be redundant following the introduction	regs 25A and 25B would diminish the
	of the Future Homes and Buildings Standards	ability to secure optimum energy
	and can be repealed?	performance. This needs to be
	A. Yes	considered carefully subject to other
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	consultation responses and subsequent
	information	changes to FHS.
	c. No (please provide justification)	
		The version of FHS and FBS will not
		deliver homes that 'do not require future
		retrofit' and will not deliver net-zero
		buildings. The only decarbonization
		benefits arising from implementing the
		FHS and FBS rely upon electricity from
		the grid, and the government is
		increasingly under-performing in
		delivering that at the required speed.
13. A r	eview of our approach to setting standards	
67	Do you agree that the Home Energy Model	A. Yes.
	should be adopted as the approved	
	calculation methodology to demonstrate	The Home Energy Model represents a
	compliance of new homes with the Future	significant step forward compared with
	Homes Standard?	SAP.
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
68	Please provide any comments on the	
	parameters in the notional building.	
69	Minimum standards already state that heat	
	pumps should have weather compensation	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	and we would like to understand if	
	stakeholders think this is enough to ensure	
	efficiency of heat pumps under the varying	
	weather conditions across England. Should	
	the notional building use local weather?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No	
	Please provide any evidence you have on the	
	unintended consequences that could arise as	
	a result of using local weather in the notional	
	building. If possible, please comment on the	
	impact on the construction industry in terms	
	of design and building feasibility. We also	
	welcome views on whether weather	
	compensation is sufficient to ensure heat	
	pump efficiency	
70	Do you agree with the revised guidance in	
	The Future Homes Standard 2025: dwelling	
	notional buildings for consultation no longer	
	includes the average compliance approach	
	for terraced houses?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No	
71	Do you agree with the revised guidance in	
	Approved Document L, Volume 1: Dwellings	
	which states that you should not provide a	
	chimney or flue when no secondary heating	
	appliance is installed?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No	
	Please provide any further evidence.	
72	Do you agree with the proposed approach to	
	determine U-values of windows and doors in	
	new dwellings?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No	
	Please provide any further evidence.	
73	Do you agree with the proposal to remove	
	the default y-value for assessing thermal	
	bridges in new dwellings?	
	A. Yes	
	b. Yes, and I'd like to provide further	
	information	
	c. No (please provide justification)	
74	Do you have any information you would like	
	to provide on the homes built to the Future	
	Homes Standard using curtain walling?	
75	Do you agree with the methodology outlined	
	in the NCM modelling guide for the Future	
	Buildings Standard?	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	A. Yes,	
	b. No (please provide justification)	
76	Please provide any further comments on the	
	csbem tool which demonstrates an	
	implementation of the NCM methodology	
77	Please provide any further comments on the	
	research documents provided alongside the	
	csbem tool and which support the	
	development of the NCM methodology,	
	SBEM and isbem.	
14 trai	nsitional arrangements	T
78	Which option describing transitional	ADEPT would in principle support Option
	arrangements for the Future Homes and	1, but recognises that this will be
	Buildings Standard do you prefer? Please use	dependent upon there being sufficient
	the space provided to provide further	lead-in time for developers, construction
	information and/or alternative	industry, suppliers and building control
	arrangements.	inspectors.
	A. Option 1	
	b. Option 2	The shortest period possible, as this will
	Please provide further information or	reduce the number of building
	suggest alternative transitional	constructed using fossil fuel boilers, and
	arrangements with your rationale and	to a standard that will not require future
	supporting evidence.	retrofit.
79	Will the changes to Building Regulations	
-	proposed in this consultation lead to the	
	need to amend existing planning	
	permissions? If so, what amendments might	
	be needed and how can the planning regime	
	be most supportive of such amendments?	
	A. Yes (please provide further information)	
	b. No	
80	Do you agree that the 2010 and 2013 energy	a. Yes
	efficiency transitional arrangements should	
	be closed down, meaning all new buildings	
	that do not meet the requirements of the	
	2025 transitional arrangements would need	
	to be built to the Future Homes and	
	Buildings Standards?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No (please provide justification)	
81	What are your views on the proposals above	
	and do you have any additional evidence to	
	help us reach a final view on the closing of	
	historical transitional arrangements?	
	t O – Call for Evidence	
82	Part O does not apply when there is a	A. Yes but note special provisions
	material change of use. Should it apply?	will be needed for listed
	A. Yes	buildings/ heritage assets.
	b. Yes, but only for some types of conversion	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
	(please list from reg 5a-k or describe the type) c. No Please provide more details about why Part O should/should not apply to a material change of use and, if possible, point to existing evidence/examples that demonstrates your view	Any building being used as a dwelling needs to be subject to the same high standards to protect occupiers and users from being exposed to potentially dangerous levels of overheating. Again, it might be necessary for the government to make funding available if costs of changes of use increase too much due to Part O regulations applying. By doing so government will help to upskill the construction workforce and encourage innovative design solutions which will help to improve build quality going forward.
83	Apart from material change of use, is there anything missing from the current scope of Part O? A. Yes, (please provide justification) b. No, (please provide justification)	
84	Can you provide evidence on how the addition of extensions or conservatories to domestic buildings can impact overheating risk on an existing building? A. Yes, (please provide justification) b. No	
85	 We are currently reviewing Part O and the statutory guidance in Approved Document O. Do you consider there to be omissions or issues concerning the statutory guidance on the simplified method for demonstrating compliance with requirement O1, for buildings within the scope of requirement O1? A. Yes (please provide justification) b. No 	
86	Do you consider there to be omissions or issues concerning the statutory guidance on the dynamic thermal modelling method for demonstrating compliance with requirement O1 for all residential buildings? A. Yes, (please provide justification) b. No	
87	Do you consider there to be omissions or issues concerning the statutory guidance on ensuring the overheating mitigation strategy is usable for buildings within the scope of requirement O1? A. Yes, (please provide justification) b. No	

No.	Question	ADEPT Response
88	Do you consider there to be omissions or	
	issues concerning the statutory guidance on	
	protection from falling?	
	A. Yes, (please provide justification)	
	b. No	
89	Are you aware of ways that Approved	
	Document O could be improved, particularly	
	for smaller housebuilders?	
	A. Yes, (please provide justification) b. No	
90	Does Regulation 40B require revision?	
90	A. Yes, (please provide justification)	
	b. No	
91	Do you consider there to be omissions or	
	issues concerning the statutory guidance on	
	providing information?	
	A. Yes, (please provide justification)	
	b. No	
92	Are there any improvements that you	
	recommend making to the information	
	provided about overheating in the Home	
	User Guide template?	
	A. Yes, (please provide justification)	
02	b. No	
93	Are there any omissions or issues not	
	covered above with the statutory guidance in Approved Document O that we should be	
	aware of?	
	A. Yes	
	b. No	
	If you answered yes, please provide more	
	details including suggestions on ways to	
	improve the statutory guidance and point to	
	existing evidence/examples that	
	demonstrates why the gaps or issues you	
	have identified should be reviewed as a	
	priority.	
	alities Impact Assessment	
94	Please provide any feedback you have on the	
	potential impact of the proposals outlined in	
	this consultation document on persons who	
	have a protected characteristic. If possible,	
	please provide evidence to support your	
95	comments. Please provide any feedback you have on	
50	the impact assessments	
	the impact assessments	