Corporate Partners seminar: Digital connectivity
How climate ready is our digital infrastructure
– what do localities need to do? What do
councils need from Government and
industry?

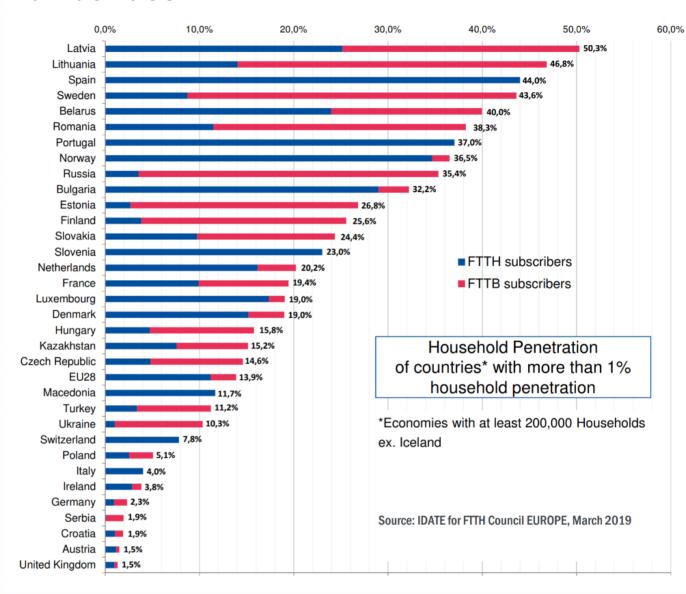
**Matt Smith** 

Herefordshire Council & Gloucestershire County Council

## ADEPT

The Association of Directors of Environment, Economy, Planning & Transport

#### **Full Fibre in the UK**





## **Current Policy**

- Future Telecoms Infrastructure Review 2018
  - Full Fibre the new focus as well as universal 5G
  - Long term convergence of Fibre and 5g to provide seamless connectivity
  - 50% Full Fibre by 2025 & 100% by 2033
  - PM aspiration of 100% by 2025
  - Accelerated Government Plan focused on 2030
  - Universal 5G by 2027
- Separate calls for copper switch off by 2027



## **Existing Provision**

#### Commercial Superfast Programme

- 2010-14 Peak deployment
- Openreach & Virgin Media the key suppliers primarily FTTC or Coax Network therefore mainly copper
- Pockets of alt net provision but not yet substantial

#### Subsidised Superfast Programme

- In delivery since 2013
- County based contracts
- Provided the easier 80% of the final 3<sup>rd</sup> of the UK with Superfast provision
- Almost exclusively through BT / Openreach distinct lack of Altnets
- Primarily via FTTC
- 95% of the UK has superfast



## **Full Fibre**

- Fibre to the Home/Business
- General capability of 1Gbps but scope to go far faster
- UK now at 8% coverage but focused mainly on a handful of cities and in a limited number of rural areas.
- Output will need to accelerate rapidly even to meet even the 2030 timescales
- It is an entirely different animal
- Deployed via PIA using Openreach ducts and poles where they exist or through brand new network build some of which provides wholesale access others do not
- It is by far more complex, costly and time consuming to deploy and will be more invasive by degrees of magnitude relative to the superfast programmes



- The Investment Market is ripe for long term revenue generating infrastructure
- Minor explosion in Suppliers
- We are on the verge of a land grab & everyone wants to be first operator in a location.



- But still focused on the more viable locations.
- 80-90% of UK expected to be commercially viable but its not clear if this is realistic or exactly where is / is not going to be viable
- BDUK £5bn programme for the final 10-20% from 2023 though bits and pieces happening in the interim and some county contracts will still be delivering for some time.



## **5G**

- All 4 MNOs have launched but restricted to a small number of communities
- Probably likely to manifest in more 4G installations initially
- True 5G particularly in Urban Areas will require vast numbers of small cell sites



### What do Localities need to do?

- Be prepared for disruption FTTC relatively non invasive, FTTP will not be so easy!
- FTIR aiming to see a nationwide standard approach to street works in relation to Fibre deployment Not sure how realistic or achievable this is.
- Be flexible
  - Deployment methodologies
    - Narrow and Micro Trenching
  - Noticing
    - Early starts & rolling notices (difficult to determine the dig rate so restrictive noticing can create build inefficiencies)
  - Traffic Management
    - How to manage traffic flow when areas are being saturated by suppliers
    - · Allow operators to avoid full road closures using more agile options
  - Coordination
    - · Balancing requests from multiple CPs as well as all the other utilities
    - S58's
  - Wayleaves
    - Holistic agreements for LA land
  - Assets
    - Particularly for 5G, street furniture and public ducts will be required
  - Leadership and Public Opinion
    - 5G Health Concerns
    - · Balancing the disruption with the long term economic and social benefits
- Q. Adept's Digital Policy favours encouraging competition. What therefore should LA's do if approached by a closed supplier first given their presence will deter other operators?



# What do Councils need from Government & Industry?

- Transparency Highly competitive market means plans are closely guarded
- Industry should be encouraged by Government to submit their Deployment Plans in detail to LA's as early as possible
- Government should continue to improve the PIA terms such that they are more attractive to other operators than deploying their own networks out right
- Industry needs to increase their capacity and capability to deploy full fibre networks. The skills and quality is variable and this will be stretched further given the challenging targets.
- Government could be asked to create a remediation pot for local authorities to compensate for any damage resulting from the rapid deployment of networks beyond the warranty period

